

ERIC GIBSON

County of San Diego

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

October 30, 2008

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/98)

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

TPM 20846, Log No. 04-08-030 – Pizzuto Minor Subdivision

- Lead agency name and address:
 County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- 3. a. Contact Marisa Smith, Planner
 - b. Phone number: (858) 694-2621
 - c. E-mail: marisa.smith@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The project is located at 2755 Deer Springs Place, which intersects at Deer Spring Road in the Twin Oaks Valley Sponsor Group within the North County Metro Community Planning Area. (APN 178-100-07-00)

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1089, Grid A/6

5. Project sponsor's name and address:

Carl & Sylvia Pizzuto 773 Hillsboro Way San Marcos, CA 92069

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan:

Land Use Designation:

Density:

North County Metro
18/Multiple Rural Use
1 du/4, 8 or 20 acre(s)

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: A70/Limited Agriculture

Density: 1 du/4 acre(s)

Special Area Regulation: None

8. Description of project -

This project proposes to subdivide a 41.1-acre (38.61 acre net) parcel into three residential lots ranging in size from 8.26 acres to 20.20 acres gross. Parcel 1 will be 20.20 acres (15.80 acres net); the proposed location of the pad will be at the highest point on the property at the summit of a hill at an elevation of approximately 1177 feet. Parcel 2 will be 8.26 acres (8.02 acres net) and will be east and at a lower elevation from Parcel 1, approximately 1125 feet. Parcel 3 will be 12.68 acres (12.44 acres net) and the pad will be located south of Parcel 2, across the private road (Clayton Place). The proposed pad for Parcel 3 will be at an elevation of 1175 feet. Clayton Place, an extension of Deer Springs Place, bisects the parcel from south to northeast.

An existing 8" line located in a San Marcos Water District easement that follows Deer Springs Place and Clayton Place will provide water. A private septic system will be installed for each lot. Multiple rock outcroppings are located throughout the property and are only slightly affected by the proposed grading. Steep slopes greater than 25% comprise 85.4 percent of the project site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The project is vacant land located on a steep hillside approximately ¼ mile north of Deer Spring Road. The vegetation on the site consists almost entirely of Coastal Sage/Chaparral Scrub. To the east, on a comparably size parcel is covered with an avocado orchard, a primary residence at the highest point and a second farm worker residence at a lower level close to the boundary with the subject parcel and near the proposed pad location of parcel 3. To the north are 40-acre parcels of open, vacant mountains covered with native vegetation, part of the Merriam Mountains. No residences were observed. To the west and northwest, the land drops off abruptly into a deep valley consisting of non-native grasslands with few residences. Across the valley to the west and northwest are mostly vacant lands, mountains and native vegetation with some orchards more to the southwest. A few large rural estates residences are scattered across the vista of the southwest. Directly to the south and at a lower elevation, along Deer Spring Place and Deer Springs Road, are several rural residential lots ranging in size from 3.84 acres to 13.75 acres. A large nursery is also located to the south, along Deer Spring Road.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

	mit Type/Action tative Parcel Map		Agency County of	San Diego
Imp Sep Ger Peri	ding Permit rovement Plans itic Tank Permit neral Construction mit ste Discharge Req		County of	San Diego San Diego San Diego
checked be	low would be pote is a "Potentially Si	ntially affected by thi	s project, ir	The environmental factors nvolving at least one y the checklist on the
Hazards Mineral F Public Se Utilities 8	& Haz. Materials Resources ervices & Service Systems	Agriculture Resource Cultural Resource Hydrology & Wate Noise Recreation Mandatory Findin mpleted by the Lead uation:	er Quality er Quality gs of Signifi	Air Quality Geology & Soils Land Use & Planning Population & Housing Transportation/Traffic
	that the proposed	•	T have a s	t of Planning and Land Use finds ignificant effect on the will be prepared.
	that although the environment, the the project have I	proposed project co re will not be a signif	uld have a icant effect eed to by t	t of Planning and Land Use finds significant effect on the t in this case because revisions ir the project proponent. A prepared.
	that the proposed	•	a significan	t of Planning and Land Use finds t effect on the environment, and uired.
				October 30, 2008
	Signature			Date
	Marisa Smith	1	I and I le	se/Environmental Planner

INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

a)		THETICS Would the project: substantial adverse effect on a scenic v	∕ista?		
		Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact	
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
	unobstr vistas a propose and visi landforr The vis	han Significant Impact: Scenic vistas ucted views of valued viewsheds, including major highways. Based on a site of project is located near or within the vible components of the landscape within and overlaying landcover, establish the landscape within the environment of the subject scenic vibration.	ding a visit co iewsh i that ne visu sta ex	reas designated as official scenic ompleted by staff on May 2005, the ed of a scenic vista. The viewshed viewshed, including the underlying hal environment for the scenic vistactends from Interstate 15; and the	
	The proposed project is a minor residential subdivision. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's in terms of visual character and quality for the following reasons: a majority of the project will be blocked from the Interstate 15 Scenic Corridor by foothills. The proposed project site is 1.3 miles from the Interstate, and is obstructed by the natural land features. In addition, the applicant agrees to the conditioning of the project by the use of a Landscape Plan to reduce the visual impact caused by the proposed grading of the proposed private road and building pads.				
	existing were even list of the scent following obstructured and scent following the scene following the sc	riject will not result in cumulative impacts viewshed and a list of past, present any valuated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Find the projects considered. Those projects nic vista's viewshed and will not contribing reasons: The proposed project site is ted by the natural land features and cortain ape Plan, Therefore, the project will not tive level effect on a scenic vista.	d futu dings d listed ute to 1.3 m ndition	re projects within that viewshed of Significance for a comprehensive in Section XVII are located within a cumulative impact for the hiles from the Interstate, and is hing the project by the use of a	
b)		ntially damage scenic resources, includ pings, and historic buildings within a sta	_		
		Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact	
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	

Less Than Significant Impact: State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a State scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and

receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official Scenic Highway. Based on a site visit completed by staff on May 2005, the proposed project is located near or visible within the composite viewshed of a State scenic highway. Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon.

The viewshed and visible components of the landscape within the composite viewshed of the scenic highway, including the underlying landform and overlaying landcover, establish the visual environment. The visual environment of the subject scenic highway and resources extends from State Route 78 to Riverside County; and the visual composition consists of steep to rolling foothills, natural vegetation, and dense rock outcroppings.

The proposed project is a minor residential subdivision. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment in terms of visual character and quality for the following reasons: The minor residential subdivision proposes to incorporate the natural terrain and features of the land into the design of the parcels, road, and pads, rather than alter the landscape. This will be mitigated by Steep Slope Open Space and Biological Open Space over a majority of the property. In addition, a Landscape Plan will be required to ensure that the visual impact remains less than significant.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the composite viewshed of the State scenic highway and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: The site is not visible from the I-15 Scenic Corridor. However, due to the extensive grading of the proposed private easement, the applicant has agreed to condition the project with Landscape Plans to reduce the visual impact. Also, based on Mindy Fogg's August 16, 2007 batching report, the rock outcroppings will only be slightly affected by the proposed grading. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
	☐ Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

Less Than Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the

viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as steep to rolling foothills, natural vegetation, and dense rock outcroppings.

The proposed project is a minor residential subdivision. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: The minor residential subdivision proposes to incorporate the natural terrain and features of the land into the design of the parcels, road, and pads, rather than alter the landscape. This will be mitigated by Steep Slope Open Space and Biological Open Space over a majority of the property. In addition, a Landscape Plan will be required to ensure that the visual impact remains less than significant.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: Landscaping will help the proposed roadway and single family dwellings to blend in with the surrounding land; also the large lots will ensure consistency with the surrounding development. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
		Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact	
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code. However, it will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

In addition, the proposed project will control outdoor lighting and sources of glare in the following ways:

- 1. The project will not install outdoor lighting that directly illuminates neighboring properties.
- 2. The project will not install outdoor lighting that would cast a direct beam angle towards a potential observer, such as a motorists, cyclist or pedestrian.

- 3. The project will not install outdoor lighting for vertical surfaces such as buildings, landscaping, or signs in a manner that would result in useful light or spill light being cast beyond the boundaries of intended area to be lit.
- 4. The project will not install any highly reflective surfaces such as glare-producing glass or high-gloss surface color that will be visible along roadways, pedestrian walkways, or in the line of sight of adjacent properties.

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project conforms to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Moreover, the project's additional outdoor lighting and glare is controlled and limits light pollution to the project site or directly around the light source and will not contribute to a cumulative impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code, in combination with the outdoor lighting and glare controls listed above ensure that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

<u>II. AGRICULTURE RESOURCES</u> -- In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Would the project:

a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importation Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mappin Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural uses.				
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

No Impact: Small areas to the east and south of the project area, within a radius of one mile, has land designated as Unique Farmland. Another area, further to the west and southwest contains Prime Farmlands. As a result, the proposed project was reviewed by Department of Planning and Land Use agricultural analyst, Daniella Rosenberg and was determined not to have significant adverse project or cumulative level impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: The current

project site is vacant lands with steep slopes and native vegetation; no agriculture has ever been done within the 40-acre parcel and the County of San Diego maps show that there is no Prime Farmland, no Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide importance within the boundary of the project.. Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?					
	Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	☐ Less than Significant Impact☑ No Impact				
	to be an agricultural zone. Additionally, the	- Limited Agriculture, which is not considered project site's land is not under a Williamson ot conflict with existing zoning for agricultural				
c)	Involve other changes in the existing enviro could result in conversion of Farmland, to no	nment, which, due to their location or nature, on-agricultural use?				
	Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant UnlessMitigation Incorporated	✓ Less than Significant Impact☐ No Impact				

Less Than Significant Impact: Small areas to the east and south of the project area, within a radius of one mile, have land designated as Unique Farmland. Another area, further to the west and southwest contains Prime Farmlands. As a result, the proposed project was reviewed by Department of Planning and Land Use agricultural analyst, Daniella Rosenberg and was determined not to have significant adverse project or cumulative level impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: The current project site is vacant lands with steep slopes and native vegetation; no agriculture has ever been done within the 40-acre parcel and the County of San Diego maps show that there is no Prime Farmland, no Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide importance within the boundary of the project. The proposed pad for parcel 3 may be impacted by agricultural activities as it will be within 100 feet of the eastern boundary, which is a neighboring property that does contains an avocado orchard. In addition, the proposed use does not involve an incompatible use such as a school and is not adjacent to any potentially incompatible agricultural use. Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

III. AIR QUALITY -- Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

	3	1 ,	
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality S (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)?		
	Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	☐ Less than Significant Impact☑ No Impact	
	of criteria pollutants listed in the California a contaminants as identified by the California	ot result in emissions of significant quantities Ambient Air Quality Standards or toxic air Air Resources Board. Therefore, the project entation of the RAQS nor the SIP on a project	
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribut quality violation?	e substantially to an existing or projected air	
	Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant ImpactNo Impact	

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) has established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. For CEQA purposes, these screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the CEQA Air Quality Handbook for the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB), which has stricter standards for emissions of ROCs/VOCs than San Diego's, is appropriate. However, the eastern portions of the county have atmospheric conditions that are characteristic of the Southeast Desert Air Basin (SEDAB). SEDAB is not classified as an extreme non-attainment area for ozone and therefore has a less restrictive screening-level. Projects located in the eastern portions of the County can use the SEDAB screening-level threshold for VOCs.

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to construct three single-family homes on approximately 40 acres of vacant, mountainous land. It is proposed to cut and fill approximately 16,500 cubic yards of soil. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures.

Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 24 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

C)	project region is non-attainment under an a standard (including releasing emissions wh precursors)?	pplicable	federal or state ambient air quality
	☐ Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O₃). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM₁₀) under the CAAQS. O₃ is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM₁₀ in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM₁₀, NO_x and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and VOCs as the result of increase of traffic from operations at the facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in PM₁₀ and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 24 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for VOCs and PM₁₀.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any O₃ precursors.

	·	1	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
sensitive SCAQN project such, the	ve receptors were identified within a qua MD in which the dilution of pollutants is t . Furthermore, no emissions of air pollu he project will not expose sensitive popu	rter-m ypical tants	nile (the radius determined by the ly significant) of the proposed are associated with the project. As
Create	objectionable odors affecting a substan	tial nu	ımber of people?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	No Imp sensitiv SCAQN project such, the	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated No Impact: Based on a site visit conducted by sensitive receptors were identified within a qual SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is to project. Furthermore, no emissions of air pollutants, the project will not expose sensitive populoutants. Create objectionable odors affecting a substantal Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated No Impact: Based on a site visit conducted by Gail Visensitive receptors were identified within a quarter-m SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typical project. Furthermore, no emissions of air pollutants such, the project will not expose sensitive population pollutants. Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless

Less Than Significant Impact: The project, consisting of three single-family residences, would not produce objectionable odors. However, the property directly to the east contains an avocado orchard which could produce objectionable odors resulting from agricultural spraying. However, given the location of the project and the nature of the odors, these impacts are not expected to affect a substantial number of people for the following reasons: The proposed pad for a single-family residence on parcel 3 will be separated by approximately 100 feet from the neighboring avocado orchard. As such, impacts as a result of odors effecting the proposed project will be less than significant... Moreover, the affects of objectionable odors are localized to the immediate surrounding area and will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable odor. A list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects create objectionable odors. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or

regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?					
☐ Potentially Significant	Impact	Less than Significant Impact			
Potentially Significant Mitigation Incorporated	Unless	No Impact			

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: Based on a Biological Report (Pacific Southwest Biological Services, January 29, 2007), the site supports the following habitats considered sensitive in San Diego County: 37.23 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral and 1.20 acres (1.06 acres on-site and 0.14 acre off-site) of Diegan coastal sage scrub.

One sensitive plant species and three sensitive wildlife species were detected during field surveys: three individuals of summer holly (*Comarostaphylos diversifolia* ssp. *diversifolia*), red-shouldered hawk (*Buteo lineatus*), Cooper's hawk (*Accipiter cooperii*), and San Diego black-tailed jackrabbit (*Lepus californicus bennettii*). No protocol California gnatcatcher surveys were conducted because the majority of the site is composed of granitic southern mixed chaparral, with three relatively small patches of Diegan coastal sage scrub. There will be direct impacts to the summer holly and potential impacts to sensitive wildlife species due to this project, but the site does not contain regionally important populations.

Potentially significant impacts to sensitive habitat are estimated to include up to 29.80 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral and 1.04 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub. These impacts will be mitigated with the off-site purchase of 14.90 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral and 2.08 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat credits. In addition, 7.43 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral and 0.16 acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat will be placed in on-site open space. Fencing, signage and a 100-foot Limited Building Zone will be placed between the proposed house on Parcel 3 and the on-site open space. To minimize potential impacts to sensitive avian species, no brushing, clearing or grading will occur during migratory bird breeding season (February 15th through August 31st) in the granitic southern mixed chaparral or Diegan coastal sage scrub and no trees will be removed during the breeding season for treenesting raptors (January 15th July 15th).

County staff has reviewed past, present, and probable future projects in the Merriam Mountain area as listed in Section XVII(b), and has determined that the cumulative loss of upland habitats such as granitic southern mixed chaparral and Diegan coastal sage scrub in Merriam Mountain area is significant and will contribute to 2.8 percent of the cumulative loss of chaparral habitat and a 0.4 percent loss of Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat. However, this project's contribution to the cumulative habitat loss will be less than cumulatively considerable upon implementation of the following mitigation measures: Prior to any habitat impacts, 14.90 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral and 2.08 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat will be purchased off-site within the Northern Foothills Ecoregion or the closest available location, to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use. In addition, approximately, 0.16

acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub and 7.43 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral will be set aside in an on-site biological open space easement, but is considered impact neutral. The purchase of off-site habitat within a larger preserved habitat area will reduce this project's contribution to cumulative biological impacts by contributing to the development of large, biologically viable areas that support candidate, sensitive, or special status species.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by t Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: The site contains no riparian habitat. However, the site supports granitic southern mixed chaparral and Diegan coastal sage scrub which are recognized as sensitive natural communities by the County, the California Department of Fish and Game, and the US Fish and Wildlife Service.

The habitat on-site is considered to be of low to moderate value for conservation efforts. This determination is based on the findings that the habitats on-site are surrounded by existing agricultural land use to the east and by residential development to the west and south. In addition, proposed land development on Merriam Mountain will further diminish the biological value and continuity of the existing granitic southern mixed chaparral and Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat.

The project will impact 29.80 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral and will mitigate for 14.90 acres in an off-site mitigation bank. In addition the project will also impact a small amount of coastal sage scrub, which is regulated under the Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub NCCP Process Guidelines. The loss of 1.04 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub will be mitigated in accordance with the guidelines and will not substantially affect conservation planning efforts in this region.

Moreover, potential cumulative impacts due to the loss of 1.04 acres of coastal sage scrub would also be adequately mitigated by the off-site purchase of Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat credit in a mitigation bank approved by the California Department of Fish & Game, located in the Northern Foothills Ecoregion. This is because the impact has been analyzed in accordance with the Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub NCCP Process Guidelines and the County of San Diego's Habitat Loss Permit Ordinance 8365. The impacts from the Pizzuto project represent 0.03 percent of the County's take allowance for coastal sage scrub. The proposed loss of coastal sage scrub will take place in an area where the habitat will be isolated do to existing developments to the west, south, and east and the proposed developments on Merriam Mountain to the north and not near an NCCP focus area. The proposed off-site mitigation for coastal sage scrub will prevent project impacts to biological resources from becoming cumulatively considerable.

C)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
	☐ Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact			
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	✓ No Impact			
	No Impact: The proposed project site does Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, includi stream, lake, river or water of the U.S., that removal, filling, hydrological interruption, did development. Therefore, no direct, indirect wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Engineers maintains jurisdiction over.	ng, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, could potentially be impacted through direct version or obstruction by the proposed , or cumulative impacts will occur to			
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement o wildlife species or with established native re impede the use of native wildlife nursery sit	esident or migratory wildlife corridors, or			
	Potentially Significant Impact	✓ Less than Significant Impact			
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	□ No Impact			
	Loop then Cinnificant Immedia. The main	decidit because the attrice or a station and attri			

Less than Significant Impact: The project will impact native vegetation on-site. Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, and a Biological Resources Report (Pacific Southwest Biological Services, 2007), staff biologist has determined that the site's biological value is limited by surrounding agriculture, residential uses, and its setting near proposed development projects on Merriam Mountain. Although the site's southeastern portion will be set aside as on-site open space, the configuration of the project site and surrounding agricultural and residential uses precludes this site from functioning as a regional wildlife linkage or corridor. From a local perspective this property likely supports local wildlife movement along the existing ridgelines and slopes with wildlife using the rocky terrain for protection and cover. However this habitat is subject to existing edge effects from nearby developments and existing access and perimeter roads. Based on all the evidence in the record, the site does not have potential to support the movement of native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, native wildlife nursery sites.

e) Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources?

		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	Ordinar consiste Conser includin or any o Multiple	rally Significant Unless Mitigation Income Compliance Checklist dated October ency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, other approved local, regions, Habitat Management Plans (HMP) Sother local policies or ordinances that presence Species Conservation Program (MSCF ce Protection Ordinance (RPO), Habitat	er 29, 2 ation F nal or pecial otect l P), Bio	2008 for further information on Plan, Natural Communities state habitat conservation plan, Area Management Plans (SAMP) biological resources including the logical Mitigation Ordinance,
a)	Cause	TURAL RESOURCES Would the property as substantial adverse change in the sign in 15064.5?	-	ce of a historical resource as
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	of San been de occur w resource Propert	pact: Based on an analysis of records a Diego certified archaeologist Dennis Gastermined that there are no impacts to horithin the project site. The results of the res report titled, "Cultural Resource Survey San Diego County, California", preparallegos & Associates, and dated Novembers.	llegos istoric surve /ey Re ed by	on November 23, 2004, it has all resources because they do not y are provided in a cultural eport for The Pizzuto Subdivision Dennis Gallegos, Project Manager
	Californ no prev field sur Given the	dy was conducted in compliance with the lia Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) go iously recorded prehistoric or historic curvey was negative, identifying no culturate absence of previously recorded resortal cultural resources work was recomm	uidelir ıltural al reso urces	nes. The literature review identified resources within the project. The urces within the project area. and the negative field survey, no
b)		a substantial adverse change in the sigr nt to 15064.5?	nifican	ce of an archaeological resource
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No Impact: Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by a County of San Diego certified archaeologist Dennis Gallegos on November 23, 2004, it has

been determined that there are no impacts to historical resources because they do not occur within the project site. The results of the survey are provided in a cultural resources report titled, "Cultural Resource Survey Report for The Pizzuto Subdivision Property San Diego County, California", prepared by Dennis Gallegos, Project Manager with Gallegos & Associates, and dated November 2004.

The study was conducted in compliance with the County of San Diego (RPO) and California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines. The literature review identified no previously recorded prehistoric or historic cultural resources within the project. The field survey was negative, identifying no cultural resources within the project area. Given the absence of previously recorded resources and the negative field survey, no additional cultural resources work was recommended.

c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
	Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant UnlessMitigation Incorporated	☐ Less than Significant Impact☑ No Impact			
	No Impact: A review of the paleontological results of Natural History indicates that the project is potential for producing fossil remains. Addition February 11, 2005, no known unique geological property or in the immediate vicinity.	located on igneous rock and has no onally, based on a site visit by Gail Wright			
d)	Disturb any human remains, including those Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	interred outside of formal cemeteries? Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

No Impact: Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by a County of San Diego certified archaeologist Dennis Gallegos on November 23, 2004, it has been determined that there are no impacts to historical resources because they do not occur within the project site. The results of the survey are provided in a cultural resources report titled, "Cultural Resource Survey Report for The Pizzuto Subdivision Property San Diego County, California", prepared by Dennis Gallegos, Project Manager with Gallegos & Associates, and dated November 2004.

The study was conducted in compliance with the County of San Diego (RPO) and California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines. The literature review identified no previously recorded prehistoric or historic cultural resources within the project. The field survey was negative, identifying no cultural resources within the project area. Given the absence of previously recorded resources and the negative field survey, no additional cultural resources work was recommended.

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project

,	•	se people or structures to potential loss, injury, or death involving:	subst	antial adverse effects, including the
	i.	Rupture of a known earthquake fa Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zo for the area or based on other sub Refer to Division of Mines and Ge	oning ostant	Map issued by the State Geologist ial evidence of a known fault?
	Pote	entially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
Alquist Fault-F nas rev (Holoc mpact	-Priolo Ruptur viewed ene) fa from t	The project is not located in a fault of Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Speed Hazards Zones in California. Also the project and has concluded the ault activity is present within the prothe exposure of people or structure as a result of this project.	ecial F so, sta at no c oject s	Publication 42, and Revised 1997, ff geologist Laura Maghsoudlou other substantial evidence of recent site. Therefore, there will be no
	ii.	Strong seismic ground shaking?		
	Pote	entially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
classifiche prozone a Source Require Califor C	es all pject is defire Zone ement in Button reunce uance ure of p	San Diego County with the highest not located within 5 kilometers of the within the Uniform Building Cours in California. In addition, the process Chapter 16 Section 162- Earth wilding Code. Section 162 requires becommendations to be approved by of a building or grading permit. The	t seisr the ce de's N ject w iquak a soil y a Co nerefo	Maps of Known Active Fault Near- vill have to conform to the Seismic e Design as outlined within the s compaction report with proposed
	iii.	Seismic-related ground failure, inc	cludin	g liquefaction?
	Pote	entially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

No Impact: The geology of the project site is identified as Cretaceous Plutonic. This geologic environment is not susceptible to ground failure from seismic activity. In addition, the site is not underlain by poor artificial fill or located within a floodplain. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people to adverse effects from a known area susceptible to ground failure.

	iv. Landslides?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Less Than Significant Impact: The site is located within a Landslide Susceptibility Area as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance – Geologic Hazards. A Geotechnical Report to evaluate landslide susceptibility was prepared by Vinje & Middleton Engineering, on June 18, 2008. Staff has reviewed and determined that the geologic hazards that would affect, or be caused by, the project are less than significant. Therefore, there will be no potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from landslides.					
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the	loss o	f topsoil?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Less Than Significant Impact: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as Cieneba-Fallbrook (CnG2 and CnE2), and Visalia Sandy Loam (VaB) that has a soil erodibility rating of "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Storm water Management Plan prepared by BHA, Inc. submitted July 11, 2007. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site: Silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, vehicle and equipment maintenance, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and

- shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

c)	Will the project produce unstable geologimpacts resulting from landslides, latera collapse?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
of 32,0 format	Than Significant Impact: The project wo cubic yards of material. The propose tions underlying the site. For further information a., i-iv listed above.	d proj	ect is consistent with the geological
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined Code (1994), creating substantial risks t		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No Impact: The project does not contain expansive soils as defined by Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). The soils on-site are Cieneba-Fallbrook (CnG2 and CnE2), and Visalia Sandy Loam (VaB). These soils have a shrink-swell behavior of low

and represent no substantial risks to life or property. Therefore, the project will not create a substantial risk to life or property. This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973.

e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
	Mitigation Incorporated	Ш	No impact		
on-site involved Dischart (RWC) Water local properties of the prop	Than Significant Impact: The project pre wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as three standard subsurface septic systems (OSWS), also known as three standard subsurface septic systems (OSWS) applicable standards, including the Foods. California Water Code Section 13 bublic agency to issue permits for OSWS and located, sized, spaced, constructed action over San Diego County have authors thrent of Environmental Health (DEH) to its ounty and within the incorporated cities. It is presented to DEH, Land and Water Coms: Permitting Process and Design Criter (08/2004). Therefore, the project has soils a septic tanks or alternative wastewater districted, local public agency. In addition, the code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 6 age Pits.	wn as ems lo egiona Region 3282 a "to er and mrized this sue DEH housing ria." I so capa sposa e proje	septic systems. The project ocated next to each pad. all Water Quality Control Board's nal Basin Plan and the California allows RWQCBs to authorize a nsure that systems are adequately naintained." The RWQCBs with the County of San Diego, certain OSWS permits throughout has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for a Division's, "On-site Wastewater DEH approved the project's OSWS able of adequately supporting the fall systems as determined by the fact will comply with the San Diego		
VII. H a)	Create a significant hazard to the public transport, storage, use, or disposal of ha	or the	e environment through the routine		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporation	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		

No Impact: The project will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment because it does not propose the storage, use, transport, emission, or disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous Substances proposed or currently in use in the immediate vicinity.

b)	f	Create a significant hazard to the public oreseeable upset and accident condition naterials into the environment?		
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
che	mic	eact: The project will not contain, handle als or compounds that would present a soft hazardous substances.		• •
c)		Emit hazardous emissions or handle haz substances, or waste within one-quarter		
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
pro	pose	act: The project is not located within on ed school. Therefore, the project will no ed school.		
d)	C	Be located on a site which is included or compiled pursuant to Government Code t create a significant hazard to the public	Secti	on 65962.5 and, as a result, would
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
No Impact: The project is not located on a site listed in the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5.				
e)	r t	For a project located within an airport lar not been adopted, within two miles of a p he project result in a safety hazard for p area?	oublic	airport or public use airport, would
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports; or within two miles of a public airport. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

r)	safety hazard for people residing or wor	• • •
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
resul	npact: The proposed project is not within t, the project will not constitute a safety hact area.	·
g)	Impair implementation of or physically in response plan or emergency evacuation	•
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a

project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

No Impact: The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

No Impact: The Dam Evacuation Plan for will not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.

h)	Expose people or structures to a si wildland fires, including where wildl where residences are intermixed w	lands are a	idjacent to urbanized areas or
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County and Appendix II-A, as adopted and amended by the local fire protection district. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the Tentative Map, Tentative Parcel Map, or building permit process. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated July 9, 2004, have been received from the Deer Springs Fire Protection District. The conditions from the Deer Springs Fire Protection District include: A fuel break of 100 feet brush and weed clearance on all sides of structures, to be maintained throughout the year; off-site roadway (from Deer Springs Road to project property line) shall be graded to a width of 28-feet with an improved width of 24-feet; driveways shall be a minimum width of 16-feet; cul-de-sacs shall have a minimum turning radius of 36-feet; driveways/roadways shall not exceed 20% grade; any driveways/roadways exceeding 15% grade shall have a surface of portland cement concrete with a rake finish, perpendicular to the direction of travel; existing fire hydrants shall meet the minimum eight inch mains with six inch riser, with one 4-inch and one 2 ½ -inch outlets. Therefore, based on the review of the project by

i)

County staff, through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A and through compliance with the Deer Springs Fire Protection District's conditions, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A.

Expose people to significant risk of injury or death involving vectors, including

r	nosquitoes, rats or flies?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact		
period of the proj such as waste fa Wright of Therefo	No Impact: The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. lagoons, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Gail Wright on July 21, 2004, there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not expose people to significant risk of injury or death involving vectors.				
	YDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY/iolate any waste discharge requiremen		d the project:		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact		
No Impact: The project does not propose waste discharges that require waste discharge requirement permits, NPDES permits, or water quality certification from the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board (SDRWQCB). In addition, the project does not propose any known sources of polluted runoff or land use activities that would require special site design considerations, source control Best Management Practices (BMPs) or treatment control BMPs, under the San Diego Municipal Storm Water Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01).					
b) Is the project tributary to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, could the project result in an increase in any pollutant for which the water body is already impaired?					
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

Less Than Significant Impact: The project lies in the Twin Oaks hydrologic subarea, within the Carlsbad hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, portions of this watershed, along the coast of the Pacific Ocean at Buena Vista Lagoon, Escondido Creek, Loma Alta Slough, and San Marcos are impaired for coliform bacteria; Agua Hedionda Lagoon is impaired for coliform bacteria and sedimentation; Buena Vista Lagoon is impaired for coliform bacteria, nutrients, and sedimentation; Loma Alta Slough is impaired for eutrophication and coliform bacteria; San Elijo Lagoon is impaired for eutrophication, coliform bacteria and sedimentation. Constituents of concern in the Carlsbad watershed include coliform bacteria, nutrients, sediment, trace metals, and toxics.

The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: grading and construction of single family dwellings. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMP's and/or treatment control BMP's will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: Silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, vehicle and equipment maintenance, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.

The proposed BMP's are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these

regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Stormwater Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

,	could the proposed project cause or surface or groundwater receiving was beneficial uses?		• •
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the Twin Oaks hydrologic subarea, within the Carlsbad hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial service supply; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; commercial and sport fishing; aquaculture; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; shellfish harvesting; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: grading and construction of single family dwellings. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMP's and/or treatment control BMP's will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: Silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, vehicle and equipment maintenance, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.

In addition, the proposed BMP's are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		
No Impact: The project will obtain its water supply from the Vallecitos Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ½ mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.					
1	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation or	strea	m or river, in a manner which would		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

Less Than Significant DPW staff has reviewed the updated Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) prepared by BHA, Inc. submitted 09-19-08. All previous comments have been addressed. The SWMP document is substantially complete and complies with the San Diego County Standard Urban Stormwater Mitigation Plan (SUSMP) and Watershed Protection Ordinance (WPO) requirements for a Stormwater Management Plan.

f) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?

	Pote	entially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact		
		entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated		No Impact		
Less Than Significant Impact: DPW staff has reviewed the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP), Preliminary Drainage Study, and Preliminary Grading Plan prepared by BHA, Inc. All previous comments have been addressed. The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns & not significantly increase the amount of runoff for the following reasons:						
	 Drainage will be conveyed to either natural drainage channels or approve drainage facilities. 					
	 The project will not increase water surface elevation in a watercourse with a watershed equal to or greater one square mile by 1' or more in height. 					
	 The project will not increase surface runoff exiting the project site equal to or greater than two percent additional cubic feet/second. 					
Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.						
•	g) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems?					
	Pote	entially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact		
		entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated		No Impact		
Less Than Significant Impact : DPW staff has reviewed the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP), Preliminary Drainage Study, and Preliminary Grading Plan prepared by BHA, Inc. All previous comments have been addressed. The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems.						
h) F	h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?					
	Pote	entially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact		
		entially Significant Unless		No Impact		

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: construction activities such as grading and building of driveways. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in runoff to the maximum extent practicable: Silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, vehicle and equipment maintenance, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval. Refer to VIII Hydrology and Water Quality Questions a, b, c, for further information.

i)	Place housing within a 100-year flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance map, including County Floodplain Ma	e Rate Ma	
	☐ Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	Less Than Significant Impact: DPW s Management Plan (SWMP), Preliminary Plan prepared by BHA, Inc. All previous housing is proposed to be placed in any floodplains or drainages with a watershe impact will occur.	Drainage commer FEMA m	e Study, and Preliminary Grading nts have been addressed. No napped floodplains, County-mapped
j)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard redirect flood flows?	area stru	uctures which would impede or
	☐ Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	Less Than Significant Impact: DPW s Management Plan (SWMP), Preliminary Plan prepared by BHA, Inc. All previous structures are proposed to be placed in a no impact will occur.	Drainage commer	e Study, and Preliminary Grading nts have been addressed. No

k) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?

		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
	No Impact: DPW staff has reviewed the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP), Preliminary Drainage Study, and Preliminary Grading Plan prepared by BHA, Inc. The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area that includes a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam.				
l)	lı	nundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflo	w?		
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	cuss	ion/Explanation:			

i. SEICHE

No Impact: The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche.

ii. TSUNAMI

No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

iii. MUDFLOW

No Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff geologist Laura Maghsoudlou has determined that the geologic environment of the project area is not located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, the project does propose land disturbance that will expose soils and the project is not located downstream from exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING -- Would the project:

a) Physically divide an established community?

	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact			
roadwa	No Impact: The project does not propose the introducing new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.					
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?					
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact			
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			
Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policy, 1.3, Estate Development Area and General Plan Land Use Designation (18) Multiple Rural Use, one dwelling unit per 4, 8 or 20 acres, depending on the average slope of the proposed parcels. The General Plan requires minimum gross parcel sizes of 4 acres and not more than 0.25 dwelling units per acre. The proposed project has gross parcel sizes and density that are consistent with the General Plan. The project is subject to the policies of the North County Metropolitan Subregional Plan, and the Twin Oaks Valley Community Sponsor Group. Open Space will be granted for Biology and Steep Slopes. The proposed project is consistent with the policies of the North County Metropolitan Subregional Plan, and the Twin Oaks Valley Community Sponsor Group. The current zone is A70, Limited Agriculture, which requires a net minimum lot size of 4 acres. The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size.						
 X. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project: a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? 						
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact			
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			

b)

Less Than Significant Impact: Although the project site has been classified by the California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area of undetermined mineral resources MRZ-3, staff geologist Laura Maghsoudlou has reviewed the site's geologic environment and has determined that the site is not located within an alluvial river valley or underlain by coastal marine/non-marine granular deposits. Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource of value to the region and the residents of the state will occur as a result of this project. Moreover, if the resources are not considered significant mineral deposits, loss of these resources cannot contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.

Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
No Impact: The project site is zoned A70, Limited Agriculture, which is not considered to be an Extractive Use Zone (S-82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000). Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource of locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan will occur as a result of this project.				
XI. NOISE Would the project result in: Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is three-lot residential minor subdivision and will be occupied by residents. Based on a site visit completed by Gail Wright on July 21, 2004, the surrounding area supports orchards, scattered rural residential lots and vacant, open space mountains. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. Project implementation is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of projected County noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours). Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site is zoned A70 that has a one-hour average sound limit of 50dB(A). The adjacent properties are zoned A70 also. Based on review by staff on August 11, 2004 the project's noise levels are not anticipated to impact adjoining properties or exceed County Noise Standards, which is 45dB(A), because the project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-410

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact	

No Impact: The project does not propose any of the following land uses that can be impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.

- 1. Buildings where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation, including research and manufacturing facilities with special vibration constraints.
- 2. Residences and buildings where people normally sleep including hotels, hospitals, residences and where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 3. Civic and institutional land uses including schools, churches, libraries, other institutions, and quiet office where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 4. Concert halls for symphonies or other special use facilities where low ambient vibration is preferred.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on-site or in the surrounding area.

c)	A substantial permanent increase in above levels existing without the pro		noise levels in the project vicinity
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: vehicles and sound systems. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on review of the project by County staff. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.

The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?

	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact				
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact				
substai includir that inv	Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.						
of the C State re operati 410. A excess project	Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.						
	e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?						
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	<u></u>	No Impact				
No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.							
,	For a project within the vicinity of a priva people residing or working in the project						
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact				

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

XII. PC	KII. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:				
n) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		
No Impact: The proposed project will not induce substantial population growth in an area because the project does not propose any physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth in an area including, but imited to the following: new or extended infrastructure or public facilities; new commercial or industrial facilities; large-scale residential development; accelerated conversion of homes to commercial or multi-family use; or regulatory changes including General Plan amendments, specific plan amendments, zone reclassifications, sewer or water annexations; or LAFCO annexation actions.					
	Displace substantial numbers of existing of replacement housing elsewhere?) hous	ing, necessitating the construction		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		
No Impact: The proposed project will not displace existing housing since the site is currently vacant. The addition of three dwelling units will yield a net gain of available housing.					
Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

since the site is currently vacant.

Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

No Impact: The proposed project will not displace a substantial number of people

ii ir	i. ii. v. /.	Fire protection? Police protection? Schools? Parks? Other public facilities?		
	Pote	ntially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		ntially Significant Unless pation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

No Impact: Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: Vallecitos Water District and the Deer Springs Fire Protection District. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

XIV. RECREATION

<u>/\! V : </u>	KLOKLATION		
a)	Would the project increase the use of or other recreational facilities such the facility would occur or be accelerated	at substa	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves a residential minor subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts,

including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

There is an existing surplus of County Regional Parks. Currently, there is over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which far exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive surplus of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result any cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant surplus of regional recreational facilities will remain.

b)	Does the project include recreational face expansion of recreational facilities, whice on the environment?		•		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
No Impact: The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot have an adverse physical effect on the environment.					
a)	RANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would to Cause an increase in traffic which is subload and capacity of the street system (is either the number of vehicle trips, the vocangestion at intersections)?	ostanti .e., re	al in relation to the existing traffic sult in a substantial increase in		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Less Than Significant: The proposed project was reviewed by DPW staff, who determined that the proposed project will result in an additional 24 ADT. The addition of 24 ADT will not result in a substantial increase in the number of vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections in relation to existing conditions. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project impact on traffic volume,

which is considered substantial in relation to existing traffic load and capacity of the street system. Also refer to the answer for XV. b. below.

b)	Exceed, either individually or cumu established by the County congest or highways?	•	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated: The proposed project will result in an additional 24 ADT. The project was reviewed by DPW staff and was determined not to exceed a level of service (LOS) standard at the direct project level. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project-level impact on the LOS standards established by the County congestion management agency for designated roads or highways. Cumulative impacts may not be less than significant.

However, the County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. This program is based on a summary of projections method contained in an adopted planning document, as referenced in the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15130 (b)(1)(B), which evaluates regional or area wide conditions contributing to cumulative transportation impacts. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet. state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates an additional 24 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the unincorporated county that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in

combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

In order to mitigate its incremental contribution to significant cumulative traffic impacts, the proposed project will pay the TIF prior to obtaining building permits.

,	•		ling either an increase in traffic bstantial safety risks?
☐ Potentially Signific	cant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Signific Mitigation Incorpo		$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
	public or private airpo		of an Airport Master Plan Zone nerefore, the project will not result
d) Substantially increase dangerous intersection		_	ature (e.g., sharp curves or g., farm equipment)?
☐ Potentially Signific	cant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Signific Mitigation Incorpo			No Impact
Less Than Significant: The Deer Springs Road or any be required at all driveway Department of Public World according to the County of to access the proposed prewill not place incompatible	The proposed project other public road. A seand intersections to ks. Any and all road of San Diego Public ar oject site shall be to contain the contest of the contest will not significate the contes	safe and the safe	ot significantly alter traffic safety on and adequate sight distance shall satisfaction of the Director of the vements will be constructed vate Road Standards. Roads used y standards. The proposed project at) on existing roadways. ncrease hazards due to design
e) Result in inadequat	e emergency access	?	
Potentially Signific Potentially Signific Mitigation Incorpo	cant Unless		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant: The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The Deer Springs Fire Department and DPLU Fire Marshals have reviewed the proposed project and associated emergency access roadways and have determined that there is adequate emergency fire access proposed. The project is not served by a deadend road that exceeds the maximum cumulative length permitted by the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County; therefore, the project has

adequate emergency access. Additionally, roads used will be required to be improved to County standards.

f)	F	Result in inadequate parking capacity?		
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
req suff	uires	han Significant Impact: The Zoning Os two on-site parking spaces for each dwart area to provide at least two on-site pance.	velling	unit. The proposed lots have
g)		Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or pransportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle	_	• • •
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	pede	s Than Significant: The project does nestrians or bicyclists. Any required imprating conditions as it relates to pedestrian	ovem	ents will be constructed to maintain
<u>XVI</u> a)	E	TILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS VExceed wastewater treatment requirement Quality Control Board?		
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves three standard subsurface septic systems located on each parcel, adjacent to the proposed pads. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the

project's OSWS on 06/08/2004. Therefore, the project is consistent with the wastewater treatment requirements of the RWQCB as determined by the authorized, local public agency.

b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
treatm expan forms treatm adequ agend constr	No Impact: The project does not include new or expanded water or wastewater treatment facilities. In addition, the project does not require the construction or expansion of water or wastewater treatment facilities. Based on the service availability forms received, the project will not require construction of new or expanded water treatment facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate adequate water treatment facilities are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: Vallecitos Water District. Therefore, the project will not require any construction of new or expanded facilities, which could cause significant environmental effects.					
c)	Require or result in the construction of n expansion of existing facilities, the constenvironmental effects?					
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact			
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			
draina and g 2008 Section	Than Significant Impact: The project in age facilities. The new and expanded fact ravel swales. Refer to the Storm water M for more information. However, as outlined on I-XVII, the new and expanded facilities are environment.	ilities i lanage ed in th	nclude bio-filtration grassy swales ement Plan dated September 18, nis Environmental Analysis Form			
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available entitlements and resources, or are new					
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Less Than Significant Impact: The project requires water service from the Vallecitos Water District. A Service Availability Letter from the Vallecitos Water District has been

provided, indicating adequate water resources and entitlements are available to serve the requested water resources. Therefore, the project will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project.

may :	It in a determination by the wastewa serve the project that it has adequa cted demand in addition to the prov	te cap	pacity to serve the project's
Pot	entially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated		No Impact
(septic syste		•	y on an on-site wastewater system ere with any wastewater treatment
,	erved by a landfill with sufficient per ct's solid waste disposal needs?	mitted	I capacity to accommodate the
Pot	entially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated		No Impact
waste. All soperate. In Enforcemen California In Public Resoute 27, Divermitted ac	existing permitted solid waste capa	Ils requesting the permit of t	puire solid waste facility permits to ent of Environmental Health, Local its with concurrence from the VMB) under the authority of the California Code of Regulations a 21440et seq.). There are five, maining capacity. Therefore, there
g) Comp waste	oly with federal, state, and local state?	tutes a	and regulations related to solid
Pot	entially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	entially Significant Unless gation Incorporated		No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

a)	substantially reduce the habitat of a wildlife population to drop below sel plant or animal community, reduce t	pject have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or lation to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a nal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major period history or prehistory?			
[Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
[Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. Resources that have been evaluated as significant would be potentially impacted by the project, particularly Biology. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes off-site biological mitigation, on-site mitigation for steep slopes and biology, and signage/fencing delineating the proposed open space. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, significant effects associated with this project would result. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?

Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER	
Old San Marcos School House (open)	P 02-027	
Rimsa	TPM 21095	
Solar View Cell Site	P05-003	
Crossroads Christian Church	P91-031	
Merriam Mountains	S04-035, S04-036, S04-038, S04-	
	037, TM 5381, R04-013, GPA 04-	
	006, SPA 04-006, GPA03-013	
	AD06-007	
Sprint Cell Site	ZAP 01-099	
Verizon	ZAP 02-030	
Turman Residence Cell Site	P05-004	
Solar View Cell Site	P06-083	
Verizon	ZAP04-026	

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related Transportation/Traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes paying Traffic Impact Fees prior to obtaining a building permit. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to Transportation/Traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes paying Traffic Impact Fees prior to obtaining a building permit. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

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